

MAJOR CONTENT

The student solves problems involving the Major Content for the course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Major Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
Analyze Proportional Relationships and Solve Problems 7.RP.A.1 7.RP.A.2 7.RP.A.3	Analyzes and uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including multi-step ratio/percent problems.	Analyzes and uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent problems.	Uses proportional relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent problems.	Identifies proportional relationships to solve mathematical problems, including ratio/percent problems.
	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.	Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.	
	Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions, and graphs.	Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions, and graphs.	Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions, and graphs.	Identifies whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship.
	Interprets a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$ where r is the unit rate.	Interprets a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$ where r is the unit rate.		

Major Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	Represents proportional relationships with equations and uses the equations to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including multi-step ratio and percent problems.	Represents proportional relationships with equations and uses the equations to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including simple ratio and percent problems.	Uses equations representing proportional relationships to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including ratio and percent problems.	
	Determines when it is appropriate to use a unit rate and understands its limitations.			
Operations with Rational Numbers 7.NS.A.1 7.NS.A.2 7.NS.A.3 7.EE.B.3	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in multi-step mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in multi-step mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in mathematical and real-world problems.	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in mathematical problems.
	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line.
	Determines reasonableness of a solution and interprets solutions in real-world contexts.	Determines reasonableness of a solution.		

Major Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	Understands subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse and the rules for multiplying/dividing positive and negative numbers.	Identifies equivalent expressions of positive and negative rational numbers.		
Expressions, Inequalities, and Equations 7.EE.A.1 7.EE.A.2 7.EE.B.4	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions.	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor , and expand linear expressions.	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, and expand linear expressions.	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract linear expressions.
	Fluently solves two-step linear equations with rational coefficients.	Fluently solves two-step linear equations with rational coefficients.	Solves two-step linear equations with rational coefficients.	Solves one-step linear equations with rational coefficients.
	In mathematical or real-world contexts, uses variables to represent quantities, construct and solve equations and inequalities, and graph and interpret solution sets.	In a mathematical or real-world context, uses variables to represent quantities, construct and solve equations and inequalities, and graph solution sets.	In a mathematical context, uses variables to represent quantities, construct and solve equations and inequalities, and graph solution sets.	
	Rewrites an expression in different forms.	Identifies equivalent expressions in different forms.		
	Describes the relationship between equivalent quantities that are expressed algebraically in different forms in a problem context and explains their equivalence in light of the context of the problem.	Identifies the relationship between equivalent quantities that are expressed algebraically in different forms in a problem context.		

ADDITIONAL & SUPPORTING CONTENT

The student solves problems involving the Additional & Supporting Content for the course with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

Additional & Supporting Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
Representing Geometric Figures 7.G.A.2 7.G.A.3	Identifies triangles with given angle and side conditions and notices when those conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.	Identifies triangles with given angle and side conditions and notices when those conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.	Identifies triangles with given angle and side conditions.	
	Identifies a two-dimensional figure as the result of slicing a three-dimensional figure by a plane.	Identifies a two-dimensional figure as the result of slicing a three-dimensional figure by a plane perpendicular or parallel to a base or face.		
Solve Scale, Angle, Area, Circumference, Surface Area, and Volume Problems 7.G.A.1 7.G.B.4 7.G.B.5 7.G.B.6	Solves mathematical and real-world problems involving circumference, area, surface area, and volume, including composite objects.	Solves mathematical and real-world problems involving circumference, area, surface area, and volume.	Solves mathematical problems involving circumference, area, surface area, and volume.	Solves mathematical problems involving circumference and area.
	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures.	Solves problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures.
	Represents angle relationships using equations to solve for unknown angles.	Represents angle relationships using equations to solve for unknown angles.	Uses facts about angle relationships to determine the measure of unknown angles.	

Additional & Supporting Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	Produces a logical conclusion about the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.	Identifies an informal derivation of the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.		
Random Sampling and Comparative Inferences	Understands and uses random sampling to draw inferences about a population.	Understands and uses random sampling to draw inferences about a population.	Draws inferences about a population from a table or graph of random samples.	
7.SP.A.1 7.SP.A.2 7.SP.B.3 7.SP.B.4	Draws relevant informal comparative inferences about two populations, including assessing the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities.	Draws relevant informal comparative inferences about two populations, including identifying characteristics of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities.	Draws informal comparative inferences about two populations.	Compares two populations based on measures of center and variability.
	Determines whether a sample is representative of a population.	Determines whether a sample is representative of a population.		
Chance Processes and Probability Models	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.	Understands that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring.
7.SP.C.5 7.SP.C.6 7.SP.C.7 7.SP.C.8	Generates a sample space to determine the probability of simple or compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, or simulations.	Determines probabilities when given sample spaces for simple and compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables, and tree diagrams.	Determines probabilities when given sample spaces for simple events using methods such as organized lists and tables.	

Additional & Supporting Content				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	Develops probability models to determine the probabilities of events.	Develops a model to approximate the probability of a chance event and predicts approximate frequencies when given the probability or by observing frequencies in data generated from the process.		
	Designs and uses a simulation to generate frequencies for and estimate the probability of compound events.			

EXPRESSING MATHEMATICAL REASONING

In connection with course content, the student expresses course-level appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.

Expressing Mathematical Reasoning				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	In connection with the content knowledge and skills described in Major Content, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete		In connection with the content knowledge and skills described in Major Content, the student constructs and communicates a	
LEAP.II.7.1	written response based on properties of operations; and the relationships between addition and subtraction and between multiplication and division			
LEAP.II.7.2				
LEAP.II.7.3	response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are			
LEAP.II.7.4	connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams, or coordinate plane diagrams			
LEAP.II.7.5	response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture			
LEAP.II.7.6	Responses may include:			
LEAP.II.7.7	a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions	a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions	a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions	a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions
	a logical and complete progression of steps	a logical and complete progression of steps	a logical , but incomplete, progression of steps	an incomplete or illogical progression of steps
	precise of calculation	precise calculation	minor calculation errors	major calculation errors
	fluent use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, and labels	fluent use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, and labels	limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, and labels	limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, and labels
	complete justification of a conclusion	complete justification of a conclusion	partial justification of a conclusion	partial justification of a conclusion
	generalization of an argument or conclusion			

Expressing Mathematical Reasoning				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of responses, reasoning, approaches, and conclusions, using mathematical connections and providing counter-examples where applicable	evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of responses, reasoning, approaches, and conclusions	evaluating the validity of approaches and conclusions	
	identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions	identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions	identifying and describing errors in solutions	
	distinguishing correct reasoning from flawed and correcting flawed reasoning	identifying and describing flaws in reasoning and presenting correct reasoning		

MODELING & APPLICATION

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to the grade/course by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for the current grade/course (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

Modeling & Application				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Major Content, the student devises a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by:			
LEAP.III.7.1 LEAP.III.7.2 LEAP.III.7.3 LEAP.III.7.4	using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation	using stated assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation	using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation	using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation
	analyzing and/or creating limitations, relationships , and interpreting goals within a model	creating limitations and goals within a model		
	analyzing, justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion	using models which lead to a conclusion		
	mapping relationships between quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models	mapping relationships between quantities by selecting appropriate tools to create models	illustrating relationships between quantities by using provided tools to create models	identifying quantities by using provided tools to create models
	analyzing relationships mathematically between quantities to draw conclusions	analyzing relationships mathematically between quantities to draw conclusions	analyzing relationships mathematically between quantities to draw conclusions	analyzing relationships mathematically to draw conclusions
	applying proportional reasoning	applying proportional reasoning	applying proportional reasoning	applying proportional reasoning

Modeling & Application				
Content	Level 5: Advanced	Level 4: Mastery	Level 3: Basic	Level 2: Approaching Basic
	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Major Content, the student devises a plan to apply mathematics in solving problems arising in everyday life, society and the workplace by:			
	writing/using equations to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	writing/using equations to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	writing /using equations to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	using equations to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another
	using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity	using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity	using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity	using unreasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity
	interpreting mathematical results in an applied context	interpreting mathematical results in an applied context	interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context	
	determining whether results make sense	determining whether results make sense	determining whether results make sense	
	improving a model if it has not served its purpose	improving a model if it has not served its purpose	altering a model if it has not served its purpose	
	writing a complete, clear, and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation	writing a complete, clear, and correct algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation	writing an incomplete algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation	writing an incomplete algebraic expression or equation to describe a situation