

Early Civilizations: India, China, and Greece

Timeline Cards





This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. You are free:

to Share—to copy, distribute, and transmit the work to Remix—to adapt the work

Under the following conditions:

Attribution—You must attribute the work in the following manner:

This work is based on an original work of the Core Knowledge® Foundation (<u>www.coreknowledge.org</u>) and the additions from the Louisiana Department of Education, made available through licensing under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike4.0 International License. This does not in any way imply that the Core Knowledge Foundation or the Louisiana Department of Education endorses this work. Noncommercial—You may not use this work for commercial purposes.

Share Alike—If you alter, transform, or build upon this work, you may distribute the resulting work only under the same or similar license to this one.

With the understanding that:

For any reuse or distribution, you must make clear to others the license terms of this work. The best way to do this is with a link to this web page:

https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/

Copyright © 2023 the Louisiana Department of Education for the additions to CKHG and the Core Knowledge Foundation for its predecessor work CKHG.

www.coreknowledge.org

All Rights Reserved.

Core Knowledge®, Core Knowledge Curriculum Series™, Core Knowledge History and Geography™, and CKSci™ are trademarks of the Core Knowledge Foundation. Bayou Bridges is a trademark of the Louisiana Department of Education.

Trademarks and trade names are shown in this book strictly for illustrative and educational purposes and are the property of their respective owners. References herein should not be regarded as affecting the validity of said trademarks and trade names.



The Indus valley civilization arose along the Indus River in what is now Pakistan around 2600 BCE.

Hinduism developed during India's Vedic period, around 1500 BCE.





Buddhism began in India in the 500s BCE.



The Mauryan Empire was founded in 321 BCE.



In 320 CE, Samudragupta established the Gupta empire.



Civilization developed along China's Huang He (Yellow River) around 5000 BCE.

Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?





Not much is known about China's Xia dynasty, which ruled from 2070 to 1600 BCE.

Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?

Early Civilizations: India, China, and Greece



The Shang dynasty rose to power around 1766 BCE.

Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?





The Zhou dynasty lasted almost eight hundred years, from 1046 to 256 BCE, and introduced feudalism to China.

Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?

Early Civilizations: India, China, and Greece



With the decline of the Zhou dynasty's central government, China entered what is known as the Spring and Autumn period around 770 BCE.

Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?

Early Civilizations: India, China, and Greece

The Spring and Autumn period gave way to a long era of warfare known as the Warring States period (481–221 BCE).



Framing Question: What were the political and cultural characteristics of early China?



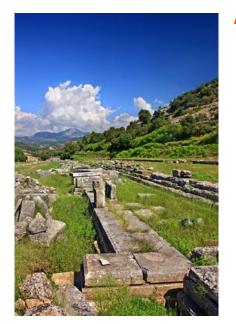
The Minoan civilization thrived on the island of Crete from 2700 to 1500 BCE.

Framing Question:

In what ways were ancient Greek city-states alike and different?



The Mycenaean civilization existed in the Peloponnese region of Greece from 1700 to 1100 BCE.



Ancient Greek civilization began to develop around 800 BCE.



Democracy developed in ancient Athens in the 500s BCE.



Greek city-states united to defeat Persia in the Persian Wars (499–449 BCE).





Sparta and its allies fought Athens in the Peloponnesian War (431–404 BCE) and were ultimately victorious.





The Parthenon was constructed during the Golden Age of Athens, between 447 and 432 BCE.



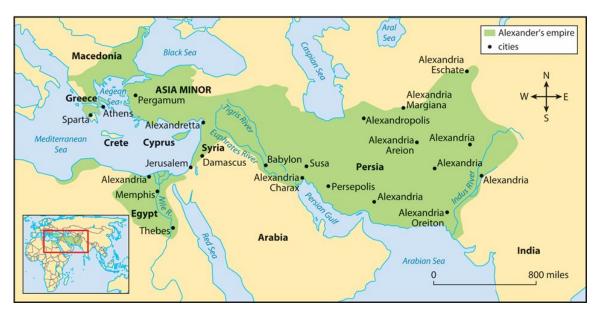


The ancient Olympic Games were held every four years from 776 BCE to 393 CE.



Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle are three of the best-known philosophers of ancient Greece.





Alexander the Great (356–323 BCE) created one of the largest empires in the ancient world.

Subject Matter Experts

Michael J. Carter, PhD, Professor of Classics, Brock University Yongguang Hu, PhD, Department of History, James Madison University Lavanya Vemsani, PhD, History and Religious Studies, Shawnee State University

Illustration and Photo Credits

A Spartan hoplite, or heavy armed soldier (gouache on paper)/Howat, Andrew (20th Century) / British/Private Collection/Bridgeman Images: 19b Album / Alamy Stock Photo: 11 CPA Media Pte Ltd / Alamy Stock Photo: 9 Eye Ubiquitous / Alamy Stock Photo: 6 FineArt / Alamy Stock Photo: 22 George Munday/age fotostock/SuperStock: 17 Gupta Coin, AD 416-455 (gold)/Indian School, (5th century) / Indian/Ashmolean Museum, University of Oxford, UK/© Ashmolean Museum / Bridgeman Images: 7 Hercules Milas / Alamy Stock Photo: 16 Jed Henry: 5 LOOK / SuperStock: 3 North Wind Picture Archives / Alamy Stock Photo: 12 Olympic victor being crowned, 1932 (litho)/English School, (20th century) / English/Private Collection/© Look and Learn / Bridgeman Images: 21 Peter Horree / Alamy Stock Photo: 13, 15 Science History Images / Alamy Stock Photo: 4 Spartan Warrior (bronze)/Greek school, (6th century BC) / Greek/Private Collection/Photo © Boltin Picture Library / Bridgeman Images: 19a The Toreador Fresco, Knossos Palace, Crete, c.1500 BC (fresco)/National Archaeological Museum, Athens, Greece/Bridgeman Images: 14 They Crashed into the Persian Army with Tremendous Force, illustration from 'The Story of Greece' by Mary Macgregor, 1st edition, 1913 (colour print)/Crane, Walter (1845-1915) / English/Private Collection/The Stapleton Collection / Bridgeman Images: 18 TTstudio / Alamy Stock Photo: 20 Xinhua / Alamy Stock Photo: 10

